

The BOSTON

Evening-Post.

Containing the freshest Advices,

Foreign and Domestick.

To the Publishers of the BOSTON EVENING-POST.

However strange it may seem, that a disturbed Atmosphere, and a thick Air, may affect the Human Mind, and change the Bias of Imagination, it is found to be Fact, by the Testimony of long Experience and Observation.---The two constituent Parts of Man, as they are closely connected, so they reciprocally operate on each other, in a Manner, perhaps too mysterious for Philosophy to investigate. Thick and cloudy Weather, has a natural Tendency to obnubilate the Eye of Reason, and darken the Operation of our Intellectual Powers. I myself, who have pass'd the grand Climacteric, and by my Profession, been long inured to Study and Speculation, have often had my Mind perplexed, by Changes of Weather, and a heavy Air; particularly in the late wet and misty Season.

The following Extract from an ingenious Author, will, I doubt not, clearly illustrate this Argument, and be an agreeable Amusement to many of your Readers

Yours, S. M.

February 27. 1765.

Of the Weather.

IT is remarkable what a Sympathy there is between a humane spirit and the weather: I own myself one of those who are most affected by it, and the condition of the atmosphere is always mine. When the sun is under a cloud, so is my spirit; and when he shines, so does it. The reader, I doubt not, is beforehand with me, and has already observ'd that this essay is writ in the finest of weather. When it is a rainy day, I droop and yawn over my pen, and then I never fail to send my lucubrations, by way of letter, to some journalist, who, I thank him for his complaisance and discernment, never fails to print them.

When the ancients reckon'd Phœbus the patron and God of wit, they only meant the wonderful efficacy of sunshine towards animating the fancy, and inspiring gay thoughts. Hence it is, that tho' I see a dull piece of work coming from the hand of a brother-writer, yet I do not at first sight dub the man a dunce, till I know whether it rain'd or shined while he was about it. If the air has not been favourable to him, during the time of his pregnancy and lying in, I have patience till Phœbus smiles; and then, if, upon trial, his brains prove heavy, I shake my head, and wish his right arm in a scarf, and a seal upon his scrutore, if he has one.

All our journals as such feeble phthetical performances, and to constantly so, that one may boldly pronounce 'em either to be writ in a thick air, or, which I much more suspect, that the heads of their authors are unhappily and everlastingly wrapp'd up in clouds and darkness. The same might be said, with equal truth, of many other books, poems, and papers, pretending to more genius and politeness: But hush! *genus irritabile vatum!* Tho' moles have no eyes, they may, for ought I know, have teeth.

Sun-shine also opens people's hearts, and displays cheerfulness round their faces; My friend Joshua Scrape, in the city, is worth a hundred thousand pounds; but he lives generally in great fear of want; or rather, he starves himself for fear he shall starve. And yet, in a sun-shine day, he bestows a generous two-pence upon the powdering of his wig, he puts on a clean cravat, and stockings without darts; and fearlessly fills his belly. I met him once in a fine morning, upon change, and he took me by the hand, led me to a tavern, and treated me with a gill of mountain, which cou'd not cost him less than three-pence: I thank'd the sun in my heart, for having open'd the old man's. I never met him since but upon dark or rainy days, and then his person is very dirty and neglected, and his face full of despair. The gift of another gill, in such weather, would make him customer to the rope-makers.

I have so long made observations upon the weather, that I know perfectly well its great and certain moral effects upon humane minds. When therefore I have business with any one, I consider the man and the element; I know several, who, with the assistance of the sun, are very honest fellows, but in a shower of rain, are as great knaves as any in the alley. I carry'd a bill one morning, which required prompt payment, to Mr. Brafs

Farthing, in Lombard-street; he scratch'd his head in an equivocating manner, and made a thousand shifts, and a thousand words. Just as I was going to be angry at the man, I happened to look out, and finding there was a great fog, I knew there was no good to be done with him till the sky was more favourable, and dispos'd Mr. Brafs Farthing to more honesty---so away I went. I stay'd at home all day, watching the weather, and happily about six in the evening the sun came about. I blessed my stars, and took coach, dashing with all speed to Mr. Brafs Farthing's; I guess'd right, the man was in an honest humour, and without a word, he pull'd a bag out of his drawers, and fell a counting out my money with great alacrity. But before he had told it all, the fun dipt in, and then I saw the old man's face settle into sullenness, and his fingers linger'd o'er the gold; however, he could not now go back, and I carry'd away my money with me.

To the Publishers of the BOSTON EVENING-POST.

On the Death of the Rev. Doctor WIGGLESWORTH; written Tuesday February 19th 1765, the day on which the Doctor us'd to read his public lectures; by a student of the College, in his second year there, and the 16th of his age.

WHEREFORE this change?-----
Ere I was wont on this day to frequent
The house of God, and there with gladden'd heart
To imbibe the sacred truths, that with such grace
Flow'd from the lips of the Hollisian sage.
Why is not now the moral theme renew'd,
And atheists bid to spread their lies in vain?
Why drops the curtain, e'er the scene is clos'd?
Ah! wherefore-----

Enflam'd were all my powers, while thus I mus'd,
Curious to solve the cause of such event:
When lo! a form my fixed eyes attracts,
Such as to them had ne'er been yet disclos'd;
Glory shone round---and thus with accent grave
He prov'd himself a messenger from God,
"Cease then your doubts, for Wigglesworth is dead."
As when th' Almighty, from his lofty throne,
Hurls thro' the fleeting air his bolts of ire,
Enlightens planets, calls the clouds to war;
These, big with fate, bursting o'er some high tow'r,
Level its cloud-capt pinnacles in dust.

Such were his words.---They pierc'd my very soul,
Struck me with silence, spread my cheeks with pale,
Chill'd my warm blood, congeal'd it in my veins,
Rob'd me of rest, of motion and of sense:
"Till thus the Seraph, with a look benign,
Resum'd his speech.-----

"Weep for yourself---to weep for him is vain.
Remov'd from this, he lives in other worlds:
He lives forever, ever with his God."

Such news as this infus'd an heart-felt joy,
Renew'd the wonted vigour of my mind,
Restor'd the motion of my circling life;
While thus my heav'nly visitor enlarg'd.-----

"Go, tell the weeping children, tell his friends,
If they will care to imitate his life,
They shall be like, and see him as he is."

He spake, and vanish'd from my gazing eyes;
His words were graven on my ravish'd soul,
In characters that ne'er shall be eras'd.

Let tho' like these possess your mourning breasts,
Let not your hearts be griev'd---believe in God.
Ye who were next to your fond parents heart;
His spirit, doubly may it rest on you:
His image be impress'd on all your deeds:
"Till you at length shall share his happy lot,
And dwell with him in immortality.

PHILOPHRON.

* This and the following line alludes to the subject of the Doctor's last lectures, (which was God's moral government.

The following Translation was done, from the original Greek, by the same Hand with the above.

Xenophon's Defence of Socrates. § 29---31.

IT is reported of Socrates, that when Anytus, § 29. I one of his judges, pass'd by, he express'd himself thus: "Perceive you not the joy which overspreads the countenance of this man, and his eagerness to insinuate (as if he had done some great and noble achievement) his interest in procuring my death, for this goodly reason, because, when I observ'd him dignified with places of the first di-

stinction and greatest importance in the state, I improv'd him for putting his son to so mean an occupation as that of a Tanner? How void, said he, of all sentiments of virtue, must that man be, who appears entirely ignorant, that the only road, in which any of us can arrive at true honour and lasting fame, is an uninterrupted course of useful and unblemish'd actions."

§ 30. "Farther than this," continued Socrates, "as Homer acquaints us of some, who were inspired with a prophetic spirit, in the close of life, I too will take the liberty to become oracular. I was once a short time in company with Anytus's son, and he appear'd to me a youth of strong powers and a promising genius: Hence I conclude he will soon discover a disgust and indolence in that servile employment his father has prescribed him; and for want of a discrete guardian of his education, will involve himself in every kind of vice and debauchery."

§ 31. The event prov'd that Socrates was not deceived in his conjectures: For the youth, once enamour'd with the taste of wine, never ceas'd imbibing full bumpers of it day nor night; and at length became an insignificant cypher, both to the state, to his friends, and to himself. The father also, for the ill-judged education of his son, and his own ignorance and folly, rendered himself despicable and infamous, even after his death.

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And to be sold by

Jane Gillam,

At her Shop at the Corner of Union-Street,
Near the Mill-Bridge,

A Variety of English, India, and
Scotch GOODS.

At the lowest Rates for Cash.

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Choice Tar, Pitch & Turpentine,

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Phials, Ship Hearths, Grindstones, English Shovels,
White Lead, Whiting, Cordage, Cables, &c.---
Crates of Earthen Ware, Hour and Half Hour
Glasses, Poland Starch, Irish Linens, Woolens, Cam-
bricks, Lawns, Calicoes, Cloths, Serges, Shalloons,
Tammies, Callimancoes, Threads, Pins, Belladine
Silks, Worsted Hosiery, Nails, Cod & Mackerel Hooks
and Lines, English & Ravens Duck, Florence Oil by
the Half Chest, split Pease; with a good Assortment
of India Goods, and many other Articles suitable
for the Season.-----

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At Store No. 18. on the Long Wharf.

Russia and Ravens Duck, Tick-

linburgs, Oznabrigs, Cordage, Twine, Cod and
Mackerel Lines, Leads and Hooks, Bar Lead, 4d. 6d.
8d. 10d. & 20d. Nails, Sheathing and drawing Nails,
4 & 5 Inch Deck Nails; a good Assortment of Irish
Linens; Molasses, Loaf & Muscovado Sugar, Flour,
Cocoa, Chocolate, and a Variety of other Articles.

Good St. George's Stone LIME,

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DANIEL JONES,

At his Shop in Newbury Street, South End of Boston.

Where may be had,

Beaver, Beaveret, Castor and Felt HATS,
of his own Make, English & French Felt ditto; an
Assortment of Hatters Trimmings, English Goods,
Womens Lynn made Shoes, warranted; an Assort-
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A few Barrels choice Philadelphia

Strong BEER, just imported, to be sold very cheap.
Enquire at Nathaniel Loring's Warehouse, near
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TICKETS in FANIEUL-HALL
Lottery may be had of the Printers hereof.

WE have had several prophecies, that AMERICA, a part of the world the last discovered, would be a place where arts and sciences would finally be carried to the highest pitch of perfection. These predictions, as they flatter our vanity, I could wish, might inspire every one, in his particular department, with a laudible ambition, to effectuate their speedy fulfilment. As you, gentlemen printers, are the introducers, into public view, not only of the hebdomadal lucubrations of your Newspaper customers, but of the more studied and elaborate performances of the literati; and as these are the vehicles of spreading knowledge, and the drefs in which they appear have a very great influence on the readers; I imagine you may contribute very much to the accomplishment of this great event.

The smaller matters in the works of your authors (I mean particularly the spelling) you know, are sometimes wholly, and often in part, left to your discretion, to adjust according to the rules of orthography at present in vogue. I know you value yourselves on your skill in this particular; but you will not think it beneath you to receive a few hints from a country pedagogue (for such you may esteem your present correspondent) whose humble business it is, to attend only to letters, syllables and words; and who never pretends, you may well suppose, to criticize on whole Sentences. The advice then he would give you is this: Observe a strict UNIFORMITY, where you have no particular injunctions from the author. To be more explicit: If the author spells *honour*, and the like words, sometimes with and sometimes without the *u*, either always retain or always explode it: The former is most common on the other side the water: the latter is more simple and agreeable to the etymology. In such words I only plead for UNIFORMITY. There are some other kind of words, in the spelling of which, I must pray you to deviate from the present custom, that a more consistent one may be introduced; and so an UNIFORMITY be preferred. They are such as these, to *accede*, *concede*, *excede*, *precede*, *procede*, *recede*, *succede*; all compounds of the simple, to *cede*; none of which should be spelled with double *ee*, as *exceed*, *exceeding*, *exceedingly*; but *excede*, *exceeding*, &c. And all words which come from the Latin (you understand a little of it) ending, in that language, in *-us*, should be spelled, in English, with a final *e*, as *complete*, *extreme*, *mere*, *supreme*, *zele*, &c. (Latin *completus* &c.) and not *complete*, *meer*, &c. You will do well also to compose such words as these, of Latin origin *allege*, *college*, *privilege*, &c. always without a *d*. (*alledge*, &c.) and never, in prose, to supply the place of a letter or syllable by an apostrophe, which way fower the author spells.

If this attempt should succede in opposition to *us*,
Quem penes arbitrium est et ius et norma loquendi,
 it will excede the expectation of a mere pedagogue; and will encourage him to proceed in further essays to reduce orthography to a greater UNIFORMITY, which is the only aim of SPELLARIUS.

LONDON, Dec. 1.

THE following Corsican manifesto, said to have been sworn to by Paoli and his adherents in the year 1754, and lately renewed by them, on account of the designed embarkation of French troops for the assistance of Genoa, is now handed about here:

"We have sworn, and call upon God to witness it, that we will all of us sooner die than enter into any negotiation with the republic of Genoa, or return under its yoke. If the powers of Europe, and the French in particular, withdrawing their compassion from an unhappy people, should arm themselves against us, and concurring our total destruction, we will repel force by force; we will fight like desperate men, determined either conquer or die, till our strength and spirits are quite exhausted, our arms fall out of our hands; and when we have no strength to take them up again, when all the resources of our courage shall be exhausted, our despair shall furnish us with the last, which shall be to imitate the famous example of the Saguntines, by rushing voluntarily into the fire, rather than submit ourselves and posterity, to the insupportable yoke of Genoese tyranny and slavery."

Dec. 1. It is positively said, that the dying injunction of a late eminent person will punctually be complied with, in the publication of certain papers, which are said to be of great importance; for if the motives for his making such injunctions were such as are reported, it can hardly be doubted, that on any consideration they will be neglected to be fulfilled: and as the attention of the publick thereto is become strongly excited by what has been said of them, so general an expectation may be also supposed to add some little weight in the matter, because disappointment would naturally occasion strong comments; so that any proposed end in suppressing them would become entirely frustrated.

It is said the late Master of the Rolls died worth near 200,000l.

Dec. 5. Letters from Lisbon say that fresh troubles are speedily expected in that kingdom, and that the court were taking all necessary precautions for their defence.

Six ships of war will speedily sail for Lisbon, accompanied with some transports with warlike stores. Three squadrons if it sail will soon put to sea. If there is not an alteration with respect to schemes which are supposed to be meditating by France and Spain against Great Britain and Portugal.

Dec. 7. Yesterday two messengers were dispatched, one to France, the other to Spain, to demand a categorical answer to some important questions.

Letters from Lisbon mention, that they are apprehensive of some hostile attempt upon Madeira.

We hear by a vessel from Africa, that in an insurrection that lately happened ten thousand negroes subjects to king Fautin, had revolted and gone over to king Dabomey; and that by the continual wars blacks were sold very cheap on the gold coast.

The first bookeller & stationer's shop ever established in the island of Bermudas, was opened the 24th of August last on account of Messrs. Rivington and comp. and they intend next summer to send a printing press, and all necessary materials to that island.

A letter from Languedoc in France, says, that for two months past a wild beast has spread consternation thro' that province. That he had already devoured twenty persons; and that almost every day is marked with some disaster, and the woodcutters were afraid to go into the forest. This animal is larger than a wolf, and his feet are armed with talons, his color reddish, a large head; he has an enormous mouth, and his teeth are so sharp, that he has separated several heads from the bodies as if they had been cut with a razor.

The pretended alterations in the ministry, as reported speedily to take place, we are credibly informed are totally groundless.

BARBADOS, Nov. 18.

We hear that the honourable Alexander Brown, Esq; Lieutenant-Governor of the island of Tobago, and Robert Stewart, Esq; one of the commissioners for the sale and disposal of his Majesty's lands in Granada, the Grenadines, and ceded islands, will proceed next wednesday in the ship Melville, Robert Ogilvie commander, to the island of Tobago, in order to determine, with all possible speed, on the most suitable and healthy situation for the immediate establishment of a town and fortifications in the said island, and that certain parcels of land, in the most convenient places, will be set apart at the same time, to be granted by the general in different allotments, on very easy terms of cultivation, to persons desirous to become settlers, but not able to undertake the settlement of sugar plantations.

The place fixed for a town, which will be in one of the most healthy situations on the windward side, is immediately to be laid out in the most commodious manner, and granted by the general in town lots to be built on, and a small pasture or field annexed to each lot, to such persons as shall first apply for the same. These matters being put on the best footing, the surveyors and all other persons concerned, are to be immediately employed in laying out allotments for plantations, to be disposed of by public sale; and as soon as the time for such sale can be fixed, and the allotments described, proper advertisements, with the terms and conditions of the same, will be published, giving as early notice as possible.

St. CHRISTOPHERS, Dec. 15.

Extract of a Letter from his Excellency Robert Melville, Esq; Captain-General and Governor in chief of Granada, Tobago, St. Vincent, Dominica, &c.

"Upon the 21st I shall go to Tobago, and in a short time to Grenada. The settlement of his Majesty's new islands is now my particular attention, and I will do every thing in my power for the advancement and prosperity of the whole. Inclosed you will find a Barbados Gazette, wherein there are two paragraphs relative to Tobago, I shall be mighty glad to see settlers come there soon, and the sooner they come the better for themselves, for the choice of situation is no small advantage.

"My own legal fees I will readily give up to the first settlers, and as whatever relative to the grants of uncleared lands, either in town lots, pasture ground, or to poor settlers, depends upon me, every encouragement will be given by me, consistent with the publick good, and my own powers." R. M.

Charlestown, South-Carolina, Jan. 11.

The last accounts from West-Florida are of Nov. 30. when every thing was in a fair way of being adjusted with the Indians, in regard to the extent of the British settlement there. The Spanish trade went on briskly since Governor Johnston's arrival. All kinds of live stock, sheep for breed, &c. bring a good price.

Our last advices from the Cherokee country inform that every thing continued quiet amongst those Indians. Ottafite, who went out with a party some time ago to intercept the supplies which it was expected the French were sending to the enemy Indians, was not returned.

Jan. 25. The Rev. Mr. WHITEFIELD preach'd thrice this week in the New-England meeting-house to very numerous audiences; on Monday next he sets out again for Georgia: We hear he purposes to return to the northward, from this place, about the beginning of March.

The ship Dragon, Hammett, is arrived here from London, with 140 of the Germans formerly mentioned. The Union, Smith, likewise with Germans for this port, sail'd at the same time with the Dragon. Last week a number of waggons arrived in town, by direction of his honour the Lieut. Governour, in order to carry up some of the Germans lately arrived here with their arms and other necessaries, and accordingly about fifty of them are set out for the lands allotted them on the Long-Canes settlement, about 20 miles W. N. W. from the French settlement of Hillsborough.

The Duke de Choiseul having obtained a large grant of land in Cayenne, hopes to settle it with the French inhabitants of Louisiana.

Arrived at Georgia, the Fly, Renton, from Boston.

2 U B E C, January 3.

On Wednesday the 19th inst. set out for Montreal his Excellency the honorable James Murray, Esq; accompanied with a committee of his Majesty's council for this province, and many other gentlemen of distinction.

And yesterday the gentlemen, merchants, &c. of this city, gave a friendly entertainment, at which were present all the military officers in this district.

Yesterday, about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, happened here the following melancholy accident, one Anderson, belonging to the train of artillery, shot himself in the breast:—The way he completed his horrid design, was by tying his garter to the trigger of his fusel and to the great-toe.---It seems there was no one in the house at the time but a child, who lay in the cradle, having previously sent his wife out of the way.

The following Ordinances were published here last week, viz. one *For the better observation and keeping the Lord's Day*.—Another, *To prevent forestalling the Market, and frauds by Butchers*.—And a Third, *To prevent disorderly riding Horses, and driving Carts, Trucks, Sleds, Sleys, or any other Carriages whatsoever, within the Towns of this Province, and for regulating the Rates of Horses and Carriages, for Travellers within this Province*.

Philadelphia, February 21.

On the 6th inst. in the night, the house of George Brown, in Chester county, was consumed by fire, and two young women burnt to death, and all the furniture destroyed, except one bed. His children were under inoculation for the small pox, and it was with the greatest difficulty they with the rest of the family escaped with their lives.

NEW-BRITAIN, Feb. 25.

Extract of a Letter from Joseph Yeomans, late Master of the Sloop St. George, Burden 46 Tons, &c.

Norfolk, in Virginia, February 2, 1765.

"On Saturday January the 12th about Noon set sail from New-York, bound for Maryland, with a smart gale of Wind at N. W. which obliged me to sail under a reef'd Main-sail and Jib. The Wind increased with a very large sea, till about 6 o'clock, 3 Leagues S. S. E. from Sandy Hook, when a double deck'd Snow, called the Gorden, about 250 Tons Burden, John Pym, Master, belonging to New-York, ran foul of me, whereby the Sloop's Topping-lift Shrouds, and main Boom were carried away, 12 Feet of her Waist with the Timbers, Wale, &c. stove in, and also one side of the Long-boat; the Sloop being by this shock disabled from proceeding on her voyage; to save our Lives we all quitted her and got on board the Snow, whose Cutwater and Sheathing were also much damaged; two of the Men had their Fingers frozen. Night coming on, at my request Capt. Pym agreed to lie-to till Morning, but there was no appearance of her, and we have Reason to think she went to the bottom. We all arrived in 18 Days."

Capt. Burton, in a Schooner from Amboy bound to Indian River, was blown off the Coast in December last, after being out 30 Days, having expended almost all their Provisions, and having nothing to drink but their own water and a little they caught from Rain, they were taken up by a Schooner belonging to Piscataqua, from Barbados, Thomas May Master, bound to Norfolk, in Virginia, who carried them in with him, but in a very weak and low condition.

Mr. Vandril, the Pilot, who was lately carried off in bad Weather, in an outward bound vessel from this Port, as mentioned in the Papers, after being at Sea 3 Days, met with a Vessel from Cape Ann, bound to Norfolk in Virginia, and being yut on board her, arrived at Norfolk in 12 Days, from whence he got a Passage to Philadelphia, and is returned to New-York.

Since our last Mr. Sandaman came to town from Boston, and on Wednesday evening, at the New Play-House, he advanced something to a larger audience than the place ever before was crowded with, from the 17th chap. of St. Luke, the 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, and 25th verses:---He has not held

& a Picturesque—The subject being something in Religion—of about persecution, vide a Full Account page 39.

forth since in public, nor have we yet heard when he intends it; the usage this itinerant met with in so refined a place for the idle and wandering, having given him little encouragement to attempt the hum-bugging any sensible auditory, by a too free construction of any part of the divine oracles.

PROVIDENCE, Rhode-Island, Feb. 23.

We are assured that his Majesty has nominated sixteen commissioners (who are officers of the crown in different parts of America) to adjust and ascertain the boundaries of New-England and other neighbouring Colonies; and that four of these gentlemen reside at Halifax, and are soon expected from thence at Boston.---We have not heard the names of all the commissioners, or any other circumstances relative to this affair, but as soon as we can collect a more perfect account, shall lay it before the public.

PORTSMOUTH, New-Hampshire, Feb. 25.

By a vessel from Virginia, which arrived here yesterday, we are informed, that six vessels belonging to these parts were lately cast away on that coast, on their passage this way, laden with grain, &c.

Last Tuesday evening, about 8 o'clock, a young man was stop'd by a highwayman, about a quarter of a mile below the mill-dam, when he insolently demanded his money, but the young man not chusing to comply with his request, ran off, and thereby made his escape.

March 1. We hear a schooner belonging to this place is cast away at the back of the Isle of Shoals, coming from Virginia, but can't learn who it is.

In the late severe weather, the great bay (about 3 miles across and 9 miles in length) was entirely froze over, and the ice of a prodigious thickness, so that for some weeks past it has been safe for travellers to New market, Durham, Exeter, &c. great numbers of horses, sleds and flays passing and repassing.

Last week 80 yoke of oxen were employed on the ice to raise a vessel of 200 tons, which about two months ago overfell in coming down the river, which they happily effected; it was judged there was at the same time about 1000 persons on the ice.

Boston, March 4.

From private Advices by the Packet we are informed, that some Discoveries have lately been made which have given Cause of strong suspicion, that a Number of Frenchmen (whether with or without Authority from France we have not heard) had formed a villainous Design, which was almost ripe for execution, whereby the Dock-Yards, Vessels on the Stocks, and Naval Stores, at Portsmouth and other Places were to be destroyed by Fire; and such a Blow given to our Naval Strength, as might have disabled us for some Time to oppose the Designs of our Enemies. In consequence of this Discovery, we hear, 8 Frenchmen were taken up, and extraordinary Precautions used in all his Majesty's Dock-Yards, Naval Store Houses, and Magazines in the Kingdom.

We have Advice from the Granades, that on the 13th of December last, his Excellency Governor Melvill landed there under a general Salute from the cannon of the fort and ships in the harbour: His Excellency was received on his landing by Governor Scott, the former commander in Chief, attended by the civil Officers and principal Inhabitants, and proceeded to the government-house, where his commission was published; after which his Excellency and a great number of Gentlemen were elegantly entertained by Governor Scott.

Friday last, a Man was taken up and committed to Goal in this Town, charged with being concern'd with others in the Murder of the Master of a Rhode-Island Vessel, upon the Coast of Guiney, some Time ago; which Vessel was afterwards seized and confiscated at some Spanish Port in the West-Indies, where the Crew were endeavouring to dispose of a Number of Slaves, who, they pretended had risen and killed the Captain, &c.

The Prince-Henry Mast-Ship, which sailed from New-London in October last, arrived in England in six Weeks and four Days.

By a Letter from Hispaniola, received since our last, dated January 10, we have further Advice of the Mortality among the Acadians, & that at that Time there were but 280 living out of 700.

An Act passed the General Court last Week, entitled, *An Act incorporating a new Plantation in the County of Worcester, called and known by the Name of Dorchester Canada, into a Town by the Name of Ashburnham.*

We hear from Long-Meadow in Springfield, that "they have been favoured with such unusual Health, that there was not one Person died among them from January 26, 1764 to January 26, 1765. In which Time there were 25 Baptisms in the Place. This Instance of Divine Goodness is taken Notice of to the Praise of the great Preferrer of Men. S.W."

We hear that Capt. McPhillany, in a Sloop from this Place for Halifax, was cast away on an Island about 20 Leagues to the westward of that Port.

Last Monday se'night was killed at Norwich, a Bull, which weighed 1127 lb. fattened chiefly on Potatoes.

Last Saturday 7-night died at Raynham, the Rev. JOHN WALES, Pastor of a Church in that Town: A Gentleman who possessed every Endowment requisite to accomplish him for the sacred Office in which he was placed. His exemplary Piety and the evangelical Zeal he discovered when dispensing divine Truths, were his distinguishing Qualifications. In his public Character, he always appeared with the becoming Gravity of a Divine, and the Sobriety of a Christian. As a Parent, he was tender and provident, frugally disposed his small Income for the support of a numerous Family, not without a generous Relinquishment for charitable uses. His Death is universally lamented, and the sorrowful Orphans which he has left, deserve the Condolance of every sympathetic Breast.

We hear from New-London, that Yesterday se'night a Marine belonging to the Cygnet Frigate, lying in that Harbour, fell overboard and was drowned. His Body was taken up next Day.

We also hear from the same Place, that one Levi Lee was convicted there of forging an Order on a Shopkeeper, and sentenced to be set in the Pillory three public Days.

For late Advices from LONDON, bro't by the last Packet, see the SUPPLEMENT.

Province of Massachusetts-Bay.

In the House of Representatives, Feb. 21. 1765.

On a Motion made and seconded,

Ordered, That Col. Clapp, General Winslow, Col. Gilbert, Col. Bagley, and Dr. Caleff, be a Committee in the Receipt of the Court to prepare an alphabetical List of all the military Officers and Soldiers who have served in the Pay of this Province, in the several Expeditions since the first Expedition to Louisburg in the Year 1745, inclusive, and consider of some proper Reward to be made to them, their Heirs and legal Representatives, in the unappropriated Lands of this Province, and make Report to this Court at their next Session.

These are to give Notice to all such Officers and Soldiers, their Heirs and legal Representatives, that are desirous of Grants of Land, and are willing to become obliged to settle the same, that they give in their Names to any one of the said Committee, or to Mr. Dudson Kilcup, living on the South Side of the Town-House in Boston, Clerk of said Committee, on or before the last Tuesday in April next, when there will be a Meeting of the said Committee at the Town-House aforesaid.

Boston, March 1st, 1765. **Thomas Clapp,** per Order of the Committee.

To be sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, On WEDNESDAY the 13th Instant, At 11 o'Clock A.M. at Warhouse No. 5. on the Long Wharf.

A Quantity of Brown SUGAR in Hogheads.--- ALSO.

Eleven Pipes of the ESSENCE of SPRUCE suitable to make Spruce Beer for Families, or to ship to the European Markets.

The best Bohea and Hyson Tea, Poland Starch in Casks, Cheshire & Gloucester Cheese, best Kippen's Snuff per Cask or less, French Indigo per hundred or dozen, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace, Pepper, London 15 & 18 Inch Pipes per Box, Young's Mustard per Box, Salt Petre, Loaf Sugar, Cheils Florence Oil; a very fine Assortment Glafs & China Ware, Madeira Wine in Quarter Casks, choice Stone Lime warranted good, and stored from the Kila, Tea Chests, Japan'd and Glafs Salvers, Chimney Tile, &c. sold by

Samuel Fletcher,

By Wholesale or Retail at his Store near the Draw-Bridge, BOSTON.

TO BE LET,

For 5 Years, and entered upon the 1st of April next.

A Tract of very good Pasture-

Land, commonly called *Hayward's Pasture*, containing about 28 or 30 Acres, lying in Watertown, belonging to HARVARD-COLLEGE, and at about two Miles Distance therefrom.

ANY Person inclining to hire the same, are desired to send their PROPOSALS in Writing, sealed up and directed to THOMAS HUBBARD, of Boston, Esq; Treasurer of said College, on or before the 21st Day of March next, who at 4 o'Clock, P.M. on that Day, will open the same, and the Person offering the highest Sum shall be accounted the LESSEE, and have a Lease executed to him, therefor, accordingly: He giving Security to the Treasurer aforesaid, for the Performance of the Conditions of said Lease. Boston, February 21. 1765.

Wanted to hire, a Sloop or Schooner about 80 or 90 Tons. Enquire of the Printers.

Those that are concerned in the Fishery may be supplied with Whale Warps, and other Cordage to their Mind,

By John Gridley,

At his Store No. 19. on the Long Wharf.

Imported from London, Bristol & Liverpool, And to be sold by

Briggs Hallowell,

At his Store the lower End of King-Street in Boston, Cheap for Cash or short Credit.

NAILS of all sorts, Bristol & Liverpool

Alc. English duck of all numbers, Ravens duck, ornabrigs, ticklinburg, bohea tea by the chest, seine & sewing twine, coplines, and cod & mackerel hooks, lead & shot, tin plates, frying pans, English steel, 7 by 9, 10 by 8, & sheet glafs, delph white stone and glafs ware by the hoghead or crate, broad cloths of all colours & prices, gorman serges, mens & womens shoes, London make, whip, crois-cut & hand-saws, files, hammers, locks, hinges, sad irons, iron boxes, buckles, buttons, snuff boxes, felt and castor hats, pewter, writing paper, quills, playing cards, knives and forks, iron & brass candlesticks, shalloons, tammys, calimancoes, durants, camblets, sewing silks, ribbons, cambricks, lawns, Irish sheeting, dowlais, & linens of all prices, Russia dowlais, 7-8th & 3-4th garlix, cambrick handkerchiefs, yellow holland, silk and worsted hose, worsted caps, mohair & silk twist, black worsted patterns for breeches, buckrams, fine Irish diaper table cloths, napkining damasks and table cloths, Russia & clouting diapers, thickets, died pillows, white jeans, mullins, chints, calicoes, china ware, and a great variety of other articles.

N.B. The above Articles may be had at his Store at Newbury, by applying at Wm. Davenport's tavern.

These are to notify the original

Proprietors of Lots or Rights No. 47, 52, 53, 54, & 64, in the Township No. One, (now Tyingham) in the County of Berkshire, that are delinquent in paying a Tax of Two Pence per Acre on their Lands assessed by us the Subscribers, and committed the said Assesment to Capt. John Chadwick, Treasurer of said Tyingham, to receive into said Treasury, agreeable to an Act of the Great and General Court at their Session in May 1763, that so much of their Lands will be sold to the highest Bidder at a public Vendue at the House of Capt. John Chadwick, Innholder in said Tyingham, on Wednesday the 3d Day of July next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, (the Vendue to be continued from Day to Day till the whole be sold) as may be sufficient to pay the Tax aforesaid and Charges, unless prevented by said delinquents paying their respective Sums whereat they are assessed as aforesaid, with the Charges to Capt. John Chadwick, Treasurer to the Town of Tyingham, or his Successor in said Office, at or before said Day. Jacob Brown, } Assessors. Tyingham, Jan. Giles Jackson, } 30-1765.

These are to Notify the original

Proprietors or Grantees of No. One, now Tyingham in the County of Berkshire, that there was a Tax granted in March 1758, on the additional and equivalent Lands of Two Shillings on each Right for High Ways, & also another Tax granted in March 1759, for making and maintaining High Ways thro' said Lands, of Three Shillings; also another Tax granted in April 1763 on the Equivalent Land, of Seventeen Shillings and six Pence on each Lot, for Lotting out and making High Ways through said Lands, all the above granted Taxes are assessed and ordered to be paid unto Capt. John Chadwick, Proprietors Treasurer; & the Proprietors of said Lands are desired to pay to the said Treasurer their respective Sums at or before the 3d Day of July next, at which Time their Land will be sold at a public Vendue, if not paid, at the House of said Chadwick, for the Purposes aforesaid and all necessary Charges arising therefrom, and the Vendue to be continued from Day to Day until the Lands be sold.

February 23. 1765. Isaac Gaffield, } Assessors. Benja. Warrin, }

Wanted to Purchase,

A Schooner of 70 Tons, suitable for the Fishery. Enquire of the Printers.

Port of Boston March 2. 1765.

ENTRED IN.

Gavin and Child, from South Carolina. Wimble from New-York, Dorrington from Virginia.

OUTWARD-BOUND.

Harding and Doublday for West Indies. Cerdia for Barbados.

CLEARED-OUT.

Pattin, Gorham, Hinkley & Co for Philadelphia. Hatch for West Indies.

Hayes for Amsterdam and Hamburg.

 Imported from LONDON,
 And to be sold by Wholesale or Retail, cheap
 for Cash, by

Jolley Allen,

At his Shop near the Draw-Bridge, in BOSTON,
 A large Assortment of English
 and India Goods, fit for all Seasons.

A L S O,

MEN's ready-made * Womens best Lynn-made
 Cloaths of all sizes, * Callimanco Shoes, at 36s
 Stocking Breeches of all * O. T. by the single Pair,
 sizes and all colours; * and cheaper by the quan-
 Womens Cardinals and * tity; * Womens Golo-
 Shades, and likewise fat * shoes at 25s. a pair, Boys
 tin Hats and Bonnets, * Shoes very cheap; the
 plain and quilted; * a best of French Indigo
 large Assortment of the * by large or small Quanti-
 very best Stone Neck * ties, very cheap. Like-
 laces and Pendants, and * wife, the very best of
 French Necklaces and * Bohea TEAS, by the
 Pendants, and Patches: * Chest, Hundred, Dozen,
 with a genteel Assort- * or half Dozen, and by
 ment of Ribbons, Ladies * the single Pound at 48s.
 Tippets, Childrens Fil * O. T. Also the very best
 lets; worsted Thicksers, * Hyson Tea, at ten Pounds
 scarlet, crimson & black: * O. T. per Pound, and
 newest fashion Trim * another Sort at Five
 mings for Ladies Gowns * pounds ten shillings O. T.
 and Sacks, with an Af * per pound; Rappee
 assortment of very hand- * Snuff by the Dozen or
 some colour'd Crapes; * single Bottle.

N. B. All the above TEAS and Indigo
 are warranted of the best Kind; and if other-
 wise will be taken back, and the Money re-
 turn'd.

 Province of Massachusetts Bay.

To the Honorable SAMUEL DANFORTH, Esq; one
 of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace through-
 out this Province.

THE Petition of James Otis,

John Murray, and Eliza Jones, Esquires,
 the major Part of the Owners and Proprie-
 tors of the Township No. One, called East Hoosuck,
 in the County of Berkshire, of the Contents of six
 Miles square (exclusive of Grants already laid out by
 Order of the General Court.) That your Honor
 will be pleased to call a Meeting of the aforesaid
 Proprietors, to be held at the Dwelling-House of Mr.
 Seth Blodget, Innholder in Boston, on Thursday the
 Sixth Day of June next, at Three of the Clock in
 the Afternoon, to transact the following Business:
 First, To choose a Moderator, Clerk; and such other
 Officers as are usually chosen by other Proprietors.
 adly, To pass Orders for the managing, impro-
 ving, or dividing the common Lands in said Town-
 ship, and admitting Settlers in the same Township
 agreeable to the Conditions of the Grant of the Ge-
 neral Court, in order for bringing forward the same.
 the 3dly, To raise Money for any other necessary
 and Charges for forwarding the same Settlement.
 troop 4thly, To appoint such Method for calling Meet-
 ings of the aforesaid Proprietors for the future, as
 they shall judge most convenient.

Feb. 4th. 1765.

Province of the Massachusetts-Bay,
 SUFFOLK, ff.



To the Honorable JAMES OTIS, Esq;
 one of the principal Proprietors of the
 Township aforesaid. Greeting.

I N His Majesty's Name you are hereby required to
 give Notice (in Time and Manner as the Law
 directs) to the several Proprietors of said Township,
 that they meet at the Time and Place, and for the
 Purposes mentioned in the foregoing Petition.

Given under my Hand and Seal this Eighth Day
 of February, Anno Domini, 1765, and in the
 Fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign.

S: Danforth,

Justice of the Peace throughout
 the Province aforesaid.

BY Virtue of the above Warrant,

I do hereby notify the aforesaid Proprietors,
 to meet at Time and Place as in said Warrant is di-
 rected, for the Purposes aforesaid. James Otis.

TO BE LET,

And entered upon the 25th of March next,

A Farm lying in Chelsea, contain-

ing three H of choice Land,
 One Hundred and thirty Acres, with
 two large a It Marsh, with
 on the farm and two Barns
 said Chelsea John Pratt, of
 Pitts, Esq; and James

To be sold by Arnold Welles,
 At his Store No. 10. of the Long Wharf.
 Choice Riga and Petersburg clean
 HEMP, Russia Duck, Tickenburg, refined Iron, an
 Anchor weighing 90lb. a new Cable suitable for it,
 a nine Inch ditto. Cables and Cordage of all
 Sizes may also be had of him.

TO BE SOLD

By JOHN PIGEON,

At the Insurance-Office in Fifth-Street.

A small Parcel of choice CYDER,
 Anchors, Deck and Sheathing Nails, and English
 GOODS at the cheapest Rate.

TO BE SOLD BY

Richard Salter,

At his Shop in Cornhill, Boston,
 Opposite to Mr. William Greenleaf, Apothecary:

An Assortment of

English and India GOODS,
 and Stationary Ware, consisting of too many Articles
 to be enumerated in an Advertisement, by Wholesale
 or Retail: Also Women's best Lynn Shoes at 5s. the
 single Pair, and cheaper by the Quantity; and a
 Quantity of the best 3 threaded Twine for Seins,
 very cheap.

New RICE

Just imported.---To be Sold by Thomas Gray.

TO BE SOLD.

On board the Sloop Hope, Capt. Allen,
 Now lying in the Town-Dock, A Parcel of
 Choice INDIAN CORN.

TO BE SOLD BY

John Greenough,

On a Wharf near Winnismit-Ferry,

A Parcel of Choice seasoned

Boards, Clear and Merchantable, cheap for Cash;
 as likewise a Quantity of Timber.

N. B. A likely Negro Boy about 13 Years old,
 fold for no Fault.

TO BE SOLD.

A large Sloop burthen about 100

Tons, flush Deck, prime sailer, and fit for Sea.---
 Also a Schooner, Marblehead built, about 60 Tons,
 fit for Sea. Enquire of the Printers. tbcff

TO BE SOLD.

A well built SLOOP, about 80

Tons, always in the Whaling Business since she was
 built, and completely fitted for the Sea. Likewise,
 2 Cables, one of 11 Inches, the other of 12 Inches;
 and also about 20 Barrels of choice Pork. For
 further Particulars enquire of Thomas & John Fleet.

The Public are once more re-
 quested to save their Linen, and Cotton & Linen
 RAGS; all that is white and finer than Oznabrigs,
 two Coppers a Pound will be given; and for coarse
 Whites and Checks, one Copper a Pound.---They
 are taken in at Mr. Caleb Davis's, Merchant, at the
 Fortification, & at Mr. John Boies's near the South
 Battery, Boston; or at the Paper-Mill in Milton.
 Any Person that brings 100 wt. of fine Rags to the
 Mill at one time, shall have over the Payment Ten
 Shillings old tenor.---Half a Dollar the 100 wt. is
 given for Rope and Junk.---Choice Press Paper
 to be sold at Mr. Davis's above-mentioned, and at
 the Mill at two Guineas per Groce.

All Persons that have any De-

mands upon the Estate of Mr. Joshua Kimball, late
 of Marblehead, Peruke-maker, deceased, are desired
 to bring them in for Adjustment to me the Subscri-
 ber in order for a speedy Settlement; and all Per-
 sons indebted to said Estate are desired to make
 speedy Payment, or they may depend upon being
 sued immediately by me JOHN KIMBALL,
 Administrator.

This is to give further Notice to

the delinquent Proprietors of the Township No. 1.
 in the Line of Towns called New Almsbury in the
 Province of New-Hampshire, that unless they pay
 in their Taxes on each Right by the 13th Day of
 March next, to Stephen Sargeant, Nathan Carrier,
 or Nehemiah Ordway, of Almsbury, Collectors for
 said Propriety, that their respective Rights, or so
 much of their Lands will be sold at public Vendue
 to the highest Bidder, as will pay the Sums with
 the Charges, at the House of the Widow Escher
 Colby's Innholder in Almsbury, on the 13th Day of
 March next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, with-
 out any further Notice.

Almsbury, Feb. Stephen Sargeant, } Proprietors
 2. 1765. Nathan Carrier, }
 Nehemiah Ordway, } Collectors.

Sperma-Ceti Candles, warranted,
 English and Russia Duck,
 Raven's Duck, Ticklingburg and
 Oznabrigs, Mens and Boys Callor Hats, Boxes of
 Glafs Ware, Kippen's Snuff, Pepper by the Bag,
 Tea, Looking-Glasses, English Feather Muffs and
 Tippets at 20s. Lawful Money, Lady's genteel
 Tweezer Cases, &c.

TO BE SOLD BY

Caleb Blanchard

In Union-Street, BOSTON,

Also, A general Assortment of
 ENGLISH and INDIA GOODS, at the very lowest
 Rates, by Wholesale or Retail.

CHOICE

GREEN TEA,

In pound and half pound Cannisters, at Two Dollars
 and a half per Pound, which is cheaper than Bo-
 hea, not requiring a Third of the Quantity which
 is commonly used of Bohea,

To be Sold by

Samuel Eliot

At his Shop near the Head of Dock-Square,
 just above the Market.

Imported in the last Ships from LONDON,
 And to be sold by

Joshua Blanchard,

At his Store and Shop on Dock-Square, by Wholesale
 and Retail, at very low Prices for Cash,

A large and general Assortment
 of ENGLISH GOODS, suitable for the Season:

Among which are,

Superfine scarlet Rattreen and Whitney;
 belt Beaver Coating; green, blue & cloth colour'd
 Rattreen; Baizes; superfine Broad-cloths; blue and
 other colour'd Drab Cloths; black Padufoy; Ca-
 puchin Silks as low as 36s. per yd. Shoes and Golo-
 shoes; Chip Hats at 60s. per doz. belt Lynn made
 Shoes at 38s. Camblets, sprigg'd Stuffs, Flannel for
 Ironing Cloths, Paper for Rooms at 22s. & 22s. & 6d.

TO BE LET,

A House and Shop at the South

End of Boston, opposite to Mr. Harris the Baker.
 For further Particulars enquire of John Groaton, jun.
 in Roxbury. February 16. 1765.

TO BE SOLD,

A commodious Dwelling-House,

with two Rooms on a Floor, and a large Yard ad-
 joining, in Fish-street. Any Person chusing to
 purchase the same may apply to the Printers, who
 will inform them of further Particulars.

TO BE LET,

A House in Hanover Street,

Enquire of Mrs. Hawding near the Concert-House.

WANTED in a Family,

An honest Woman, that under-
 stands Cookery and other Household Affairs.---
 Enquire of the Printers.

TWO BARNs in good Repair,

to be LET; also two Rooms in a House.---
 Enquire of the Printers.

WANTED, a Lad that writes

a good Hand, is acquainted with Arithmetick, and
 can be well recommended, to serve as an Apprentice
 in a Store. Any such wanting a Place, may hear of
 one by applying to the Printers. One that has
 been employed in a Store would be prefer'd.

TO BE SOLD Cheap for Cash,

A small Schooner burthen about

25 Tons, well fitted for the Fishery. Enquire of
 the Printers.

High-Water at BOSTON, and Sun's Rising
 and Setting for the ensuing Week.

High-Water.	H. M.	sets	H. M.	sets
MONDAY, --	9 13	6 25	5 35	
TUESDAY, --	9 50	6 24	5 36	
WEDNESDAY, --	10 36	6 22	5 38	
THURSDAY, --	11 20	6 20	5 40	
FRIDAY, ---	12 11	6 19	5 41	
SATURDAY, --	12 56	6 18	5 42	
SUNDAY, ---	1 48	6 17	5 43	

Full Moon Thursday 9 March

MONDAY, March 4. 1765.

The following Articles of Intelligence are from some London Prints, brought by the last Packet that arrived at New-York, which have not been yet published here.

L O N D O N, Nov. 29.



It is much suspected that Spain in conjunction with France, are meditating new broils in Europe, and that Portugal is the first object for attack; and we hear our Government are apprehensive of something of this sort:

And we further hear, that by their prudent management, there is not less than two millions now in the Exchequer, ready against any emergency.

Letters from France, of the 20th inst. advise, that by a ship lately arrived at Nantz, from the coast of Africa, they had an account, that in an insurrection, which lately happened, ten thousand Negroes, subjects to King Eautin, had revolted, and were gone over to King Dabomel; and that by the late continual war on the continent, the blacks were sold very cheap on the Gold-Coast.

There are said to be upwards of fifty Scotch gentlemen that are at this time members for different boroughs and other places in this kingdom.

Nov. 29. Recent letters from Jamaica mention, that, among other regulations, they are preparing a bill to limit the number of lawyers in that island, who, including pettifoggers, pretended attorneys, &c. are actually reckoned to exceed 1700 practicers.

They write from Hamburgh, that no less than twenty more powder mills have been erected this summer in Silesia, by order of his Prussian Majesty.

Saturday Mr. Williams, the bookseller, appeared again at the bar of the Court of King's Bench, Westminster-Hall, in order to receive judgment for republishing the North Briton; when, after several arguments, he was ordered to the King's Bench Prison, there to remain till next Term, when he is to receive sentence.

Friday a remarkable large live beaver, bro't from North America, was presented to the King.

A great number of French Refugees have lately commenced Merchants in London; and it is not a little suspected that many of these are of the fraternity of Jesuits, lately banished from the dominions of France.

Nov. 30. Private advices from France mention, that the Spaniards have actually an army of 25,000 men in the neighbourhood of Malaga, which occasions much speculation.

It is confidently said, that the Court of Portugal has lately made some critical proposals to the States General, which will either exclude the Dutch from some very lucrative branches of trade they have long enjoyed with that nation, in prejudice of Great Britain, or oblige them to contribute towards any future exigencies Portugal may stand in need of, with respect to the assistance she has a right to demand from her allies in case of an emergency.

It was yesterday morning currently reported, that Mr. Wilkes had entered into the service of the King of Prussia.

It is said that soon after the meeting of Parliament every parish in England will be ordered to give in a list of their healthy poor of both sexes, from 15 to 45 years old; when such of them as are deemed capable of being useful abroad, will be shipped off at the government's expence for the British colonies in America.

We hear a bill for the rendering the crime of female seduction felony, in certain circumstances, is now finished for the inspection of parliament.

Mr. Lazarus Simons has left by will to his nephew, Mr. Hyman Levy, stock broker, 22,000*l*.

Nov. 29. Some letters from Konigsberg, which were dated the 13th inst. bring advice, that the number of houses which were destroyed by the late dreadful fire at that place, amounted to upwards of 1500. The Stadthouse was destroyed; and six Royal Magazines, which were filled with salt, meal, and grain, were entirely reduced to ashes. Several Lutheran churches, with the Roman Catholic church, as also several other public buildings, were consumed; and the Kniphoff, a town, one of the three which make that great city, by being furrounded by the river Pregel, is escaped pretty well only by some of the fire-brands that were carried into it by the high wind; it was set on fire at three different places, but was extinguished in time.

Nov. 30. The Sieur Richter, of Berlin, has invented a new method of building under water, and his plans have been examined by the Royal Academy of Sciences, who have declared that the invention is of the utmost importance, and must be attended with very great advantages.

Last week Brigadier General Caillaud kissed their Majesties hands, on his departure for the East Indies, and set out on Saturday to embark on board the Tilbury, at Deal.

We are informed, that the late Mrs. Clouds, who died a few days since, and who was sister to the late Mr. Butler of Cornhill, has left 500*l* ster*l*. for the use of the Meeting, or Congregation of Dissenters, to whom she belonged, and 100*l*. to the pastor thereof; and that the bulk of the fortune, which came to her by her late brother's death, she has bequeathed among her present brother's children.

Nov. 30. A Letter from Portsmouth says, that a very strict guard is kept at the dock-yard there, and centinels are placed in every part of it, at 100 yards distance from each other. All persons coming into the yard are examined. This precaution is taken on account of private intelligence received from France, that some persons intend setting fire to it. The like guard is kept on board all his Majesty's ships in the harbour; and at night their ladders are pulled on board, and the ports shut.

Extract of a Letter from Chatham, Nov. 28.

"We have been greatly alarmed here for these ten days past, on account of the extraordinary vigilance of all the Officers in their several departments; and we hear the same strict attention is paid to the yards at Portsmouth and Plymouth. We are now informed, that this necessary caution has been taken, on account of some undoubted intelligence, that some evil design was meditating to be executed in the dark nights, particularly here and the two abovementioned places; and if success attend their plan, it would render it impossible for us to have a respectable navy for some years. If this be true, and every thing here confirms it, it shews what a confidence is put in the professions of sincere friendship and good Faith of our late enemies, and their good intentions of preserving the peace we have so lately given them."

December 3. The evening papers of Saturday last have the following reports: That another Messenger Extraordinary set out on Friday morning with dispatches of great importance to the Earl of Hertford, at Paris.—That some fresh instructions are going to be sent to Sir Joseph Yorke, Ambassador at the Hague, in consequence of some recent advices received from Holland.—That some important instructions were last Week sent off to the Governor of Gibraltar, where the same Precautions are to be taken as are now used in the several dock-yards of this kingdom. And, that Sir Edward Hawke, will soon take upon him the command of a Fleet of Observation, to cruise on the French coasts.

December 5. His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester appeared at Court on Friday last, in a peach-coloured suit of broad-cloth, trimmed with silver, of English manufacture.

Letters from Hamburgh say, that by virtue of a capitulation with the King of Prussia, Col. Rapin is to raise 6000 for that Monarch. He is now at Hamburgh, where he has taken several recruiting officers into his service, some of whom he has sent to Bremen, Lumbek, Frankfort, &c.

It is said a certain Northern Court has lately acceded to the Family Compact, in a manner the British Ministry can by no means overlook.

We hear it has been lately resolved in Council to render the Island of Minorea, a complete Magazine for the future supply of his Majesty's fleets in the Mediterranean with all kinds of naval stores. Both wet and dry docks are also constructing, capable to careen ships of the line.

It is now said, that two seventy-four, a sixty, and two fifty-gun ships are the men of war appointed to sail with all expedition for the Mediterranean.

An eminent Dutch merchant's house here, drew on France on Friday last, Bills of Exchange to the amount of one million and an half of livres.

They write from Jamaica, that four Deputies from the nation of Musquito Indians, situate between Troxillo and Honduras, arrived there the 24th of last August, to renew the ancient league and oaths to the British government.

We are informed, that a gentleman in this city is at this time in possession of a very curious specimen of Scotch precision in business, viz. a Royal Scotch Bank note, for the precise sum of one penny sterling, and no more.

The Right Hon. the Countess of Northumberland made the most brilliant appearance on Friday of any person at court, being dressed in the richest dress of English manufacture; and her chair preceded by eight footmen, in the grand liveries of the Percies, the ancient Earls of Northumberland.

As many persons think that the title of Duke of Edinburgh (which his most gracious Majesty has just conferred on his royal brother, Prince Henry William) is entirely new, it may be necessary to inform such, that our most beloved Sovereign's father, Frederick, late Prince of Wales, enjoyed the same amongst his other titles.

They write from Cadiz, that advice had been received from America of twenty-four mule loads of silver having been seized near Porto Bello, by the King's revenue officers. The Dollars were hid in jars covered with meal, the property of some Spanish merchants, who were also disguised like country muleteers, and had come over the Isthmus of Darien, to trade with the English Jamaica sloops, several of which had been seen in the Gulph.

At a trial last week concerning some British Insiglafe, it appeared to the evidence of several eminent brewers, that the British Insiglafe sold at 5*s* 6*d*. was as good in quality as the finest sold at 7*s*. and 8*s*.

At the late fire at Konigsberg there were 362 dwelling-houses, 41 royal and merchants warehouses, 39 malt-houses, a great quantity of timber, and several little houses in the extreme part of that city, destroyed. Among the rest a synagogue of the Jews was burnt, in which was deposited their law, and several ancient Hebrew manuscripts.

Thomas Pownall, Esq; and Edward Bridgen, Esq; are chosen Chairmen of the Committee for the Colonies, in the Society of Arts, &c.

Thomas Gibbs, Esq; is appointed Surveyor-General of the Leeward-Islands, as also the Granades, St. Vincent, Dominica, and Tobago.

On the 1st of November died the Count de Vaudreuil, late Governor of Canada.

James Stuart, Esq; architect and painter, is promoted to be Serjeant Painter to his Majesty, in the room of William Hogarth, Esq; deceased.

It is said a neat and elegant monument will be soon erected in Westminster-Abbey, to the memory of the late celebrated William Hogarth, Esq;

A very curious Bird brought from Teneriffe, and several uncommon birds and squirrels from America, have been presented to her Majesty.

It is said the tobacco trade will certainly be exonerated next session, both to the original planter and importer.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth Nov. 30.

"On Sunday night a French vessel, laden with pitch and tar, came into Cowes road all on fire! having had the accident some little time before they came in, and could not get the better of the fire: they endeavoured to run into the harbour of Cowes, but run on the mud before she could get in, & burnt down to the water's edge: all the men were saved."

December 6. Thursday last the powder was taken out of the grand magazine at Portsmouth, and put into vessels, in order to be secured in a better place.

All the men of war now outward bound at Portsmouth, Plymouth and Chatham, are ordered to take on board their full complement of marines.

The same precautions to secure the Irish magazines from incendiaries, we are told, are taking, as now practised in the several ports in this kingdom.

The New-Englanders have been this year so successful in the late fishing in the Bay of St. Lawrence, that fins and off are now sold in Boston 70 per cent under their former prices.

We are informed, that for the future no more 40 gun ships on the new construction are to be built in any port of the kingdom, their lower tiers having been found quite useless in the least blowing weather.

They write from the Granadoes, that French planters from St. Domingo, Martinico, &c. continue to arrive among them every day, with a view to become British subjects, and purchase lands, owing chiefly to the late additional imposts laid by authority on the produce of the French settlements in the West Indies.

We are credibly informed, that the final purchase of the Isle of Man to the Crown, is now upon the carpet.

IRELAND.

WATERFORD, YESTERDAY arrived here the Nov. 8. Hopefull belonging to this place, Capt. Martin Sybrand, from Carthage, who with his people, in his protest, maketh oath, That about the 16th of May, on his voyage from Malaga and Cette, for this port he fell in with eight Spanish men of war, who fired on him; on which he, the aid Captain, immediately hoisted English colours, which he disregarded, and continued their fire. At this time the vessel lying under the Commodore's stern, the Captain and crew cried out for mercy, intreating him to desist, declaring themselves to be English; notwithstanding this declaration, they fired several broadsides, which cut all their rigging and sails, carried away both masts, the round house, and every thing above deck, killed a Gentleman passenger belonging to Madeira, wounded the Captain in the arm, shot off Capt. Galafpy's a passenger's arm, also mortally wounded John Hamilton, a Supercargo, who died of his wounds a few days after at Carthage, to which place they towed said vessel in.

It is very remarkable, that a Scotch sailor on board the Commodore, during the firing on this vessel, cried out several times that they were English; for which he was directly put in irons, and got 300 lashes. The vessel, during the time, was so very near, that they could not bring guns to bear on her, or she must have been sunk. The said vessel has lain at Carthage, from about the 20th of May until the middle of October, waiting, in daily expectation of satisfaction being made by the Spanish Court, but finding it of no use to wait any longer, the Captain was obliged to sell a considerable part of his cargo to pay his men their wages and other expences, the Spaniards not allowing him a farthing, except the repairing the vessel. The cargo is much damaged, and we hear the proprietors, if not relieved, will be great sufferers.

LONDON.

December 3. We are assured that the officer who was lately sent to view the sea-coast of France is returned, and has laid his observations before two Right Honourable Boards, but the particulars are kept a profound secret.

There is said to be an intention of erecting a monument in Westminster-abbey, to the memory of Mr. Churchill.—It is said that the whole copy right of Mr. Churchill's published works, with the proposed two volumes of unpublished sermons, are valued at 3000 l.

December 4. A letter from Geneva, mentions that the celebrated Voltaire intended speedily to write a tragedy on the story of Charles the First, which he intends to call, "The Fate of Tyranny?" and the same letter adds, that he has already sketched an outline of the performance.

A very great personage, who was lately indisposed, on being informed that his illness was universally lamented by the Kingdom, replied, as we are assured, "Alas! what confidence is to be placed in popular applause; since the men who enjoy it to day, may, from prejudice or mistake, be made to-morrow the object of universal detestation."

Two great personages have left the Minority, A certain distinguished nobleman, we hear, is still intended for the office of; the only obstacle, it seems, is to procure a resignation, which becomes every day more and more difficult. Various are the offers that have been made for this purpose, all which the noble Lord in question, and his friends, have hitherto thought proper to refuse.

Letters from Leghorn mention, that the Malcontents of Corsica are actually in possession of 4000 well disciplined horse, in order to oppose the so long threatened invasion of troops.

The Imperial Minister at the Court of Bavaria, on the 16th ult. made a solemn demand of the Princess Josephina in marriage for the King of the Romans: She was born the 30th of March, 1739.

In a Letter from a Merchant at Lisbon, to his correspondent, it is said, fresh troubles are speedily expected in that kingdom by all ranks of people; and that, to guard against the worst, the Court was taking all necessary precautions for defence, their forces, horse and foot, being cantoned at convenient stations on the frontiers for that purpose.

Since the first inst. upwards of twenty ship carpenters, who among many others had been inveigled soon after the peace to enter into the French service, on promise of high encouragement, have returned home, heartily sick of their late expedition.

A new set of English Mediterranean passes are now making out, which will not be so liable to be clandestinely made use of as the old ones; duplicates of which are sent to the several Barbary states, to prevent farther disputes in the Mediterranean.

We are credibly informed that the circulation of Bank Notes in North America, under proper regulations, is now upon the carpet.

Dec. 8. BY a gentleman who arrived from Paris yesterday we are informed, that a book lately published in six volumes 12mo. intitled, L'Esprit Chinois, or the Chinese Spy, was burnt in that city by the hands of the common hangman, the day before he left it, and that diligent search was making after the author and publishers.

Letters from France mention, that the Spanish Governor of Porto-Rico, has been ordered home, to answer several complaints preferred against him, at the Court of Madrid, by his Catholic Majesty's subjects in that Island.

We are informed from good authority, notwithstanding what was asserted in a daily paper of last week, that there will be four or five millions funded this next year, in order to lessen the load left unsettled at the conclusion of the peace, which still remains in the same disagreeable state.

It is asserted, that, if there is not a speedy alteration on the face of affairs, with respect to France and Spain, and the schemes supposed to be meditating by them against Great-Britain and Portugal, three squadrons will be put to sea; one intended for the Mediterranean, another for the West Indies, and a third for Channel service.

We shall not pretend to say what will be the event of the disputes between Spain and Portugal; but so far we will venture to assure our readers, that some disputes do subsist, which, if not speedily settled, may involve all Europe.

They write from Naples, that a Mahon pink which had been forced into the port of Baya by bad weather, gave an account that she saw on the 22d of October, a squadron of twelve English men of war passing the Light-House, and steering towards the Levant.

The court of Portugal has ordered all the vines to be grubbed up in those parts of the kingdom where the lands are fit to be ploughed and sown, excepting those which are planted in the neighbourhood of Lisbon, and in other places too barren to bear corn.

A manufactory of small nails has this summer been established at Quebec, from whence upwards of 300 tons have already been exported to the Grenadoes, and the other ceded islands in the West-Indies for domestic uses, large quantities have also been shipped for the two Floridas.

Last week Mr. White from Hinchley, was chosen Pastor to a large and opulent congregation of Dissenters at Leeds, in the room of Mr. Walker, deceased.

We hear that a caveat is lodged in the Commons against the will of the late Sir Thomas Clarke, Master of the Rolls. And it is said that the legacy left by Sir Thomas to St. Luke's hospital will be strongly contested.

Yesterday morning early two Messengers were dispatched to two foreign Courts, one, it is said to France, the other to Spain, to demand some categorical answer to some important questions.

Private letters from Portugal mention that the Court of Lisbon seem very apprehensive of some hostile attempt upon the Madeiras, and are taking measures accordingly.

It is reported a treaty of marriage is on the carpet, and soon will take place, between his Grace the Duke of Gordon, and Lady——Stuart, third Daughter to the Right Hon. John Earl of Bute.

It has been computed by an ingenious calculation, that there are not less than ten thousand Romish families at this time in Great-Britain.

It is said, that some amendments will be made to the act of toleration next session of parliament, and several clauses added to it.

We hear that three tradesmen of this metropolis, a cheescmonger, a taylor, and an apothecary, were last week ordained priests to two chapels, one in the west and the other in the east, by a Greek Bishop sent for from Amsterdam for that purpose. Quere, Whether such an ordination is valid.

The following remarkable quotation from a discourse delivered last Sunday at a certain Popish meeting house, is inserted not only for its singularity, but to shew what dangerous doctrines are every day broached, with impunity, by Popish recusants and disguised Jesuits, in the very heart of the metropolis—"Dearly beloved brethren, the chain of St. Peter is the centre of Catholic unity; for the defence and support of which let all things perish, rather than God should not be glorified."

They write from Dublin, that among other goods lately seized on board a smuggling vessel in the North channel, were found a considerable quantity of crucifixes, a chalice, several rich togas, and a great number of mass-books, both in French and English; from which it is inferred that the number of Popish recusants in that kingdom begin to appear really alarming.

Dec. 7. The English Factors who reside in Spain, have desired their correspondents here, not to mention any thing in letters relative to political affairs, because they were all opened before delivery.

Dec. 8. The following alterations in the Ministry are talked of by some Coffee house Politicians to take place before the 10th of January; but whether with proper authority or not, we shall not take upon ourselves to say:—Earl Talbot to retire upon a pension, and to be succeeded by the Earl of Halifax as Steward of the Household; and the Earl of Halifax to be replaced by the Right Hon. George Grenville; Lord Bute (once more) First Lord of the Treasury; Lord North to be Chancellor of the Exchequer; and the Right Hon. Charles Townshend, Paymaster-General.

'Tis said to be now determined, that the Earl of Hardwick is to be chosen High-Steward of Cambridge without any future opposition.

That the Right Hon. Charles York, who has a patent to take precedence of all other Councils, except the Attorney General, is to succeed to the Seals when vacant.

That the Hon. John Yorke, Esq; is to be a Lord of Trade.

And, That the Hon. and Rev. Mr. Yorke is to have the first Bishoprick.

We are likewise told, that it is also agreed, That the power of Secretary of State's Warrants are limited to certain cases.

An exchange of Admirals on the West-India station will soon take place.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint William Howe, Esq; to be Colonel of the 46th Regiment of Foot, in the Room of Lieut. General Murray, deceased.

Ralph Burton, Esq; to be Col. of the 3d Regiment of Foot (or the Buffs) in the Room of Col. John Crawford, deceased.

We hear that Robert Porter, Esq; late Secretary to Major General Monckton, is appointed Agent to Colonel Howe.

Lieut. Alexander Gordon, of Col. Morris's regiment of foot, died lately in his passage from the East-Indies. He had been left behind when the rest of the officers returned from India, to recover a fracture in his leg.

Leghorn, (a principal seaport in Italy) Oct. 13. They write from Algiers that Mr. Harrison, commodore of the English Squadron, has terminated with the Dey the dispute about a ship that was taken under English colours, and for which the said commodore had orders to demand satisfaction. The Dey has restored the ship without desiring any money, which is very extraordinary, and contrary to the custom of those pirates, with whom every thing that falls into their hands is deemed a good prize.

Paris, Nov. 23. We learn from Brest, that this week a 64 gun ship was launched there; and they continue, without making any bustle, to build other ships of war in all our ports in the ocean.

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

NOTWITHSTANDING the various conjectures relating to Nathan Carrington, Esq; it is confidently asserted, that he is gone to take into custody the Arch-Bishop of the Manilla, whose Bills for the ransom of that place are now under protest for non payment and probably will never be otherwise discharged.

By private advices from Spain we learn, there is some grand scheme going to be put in execution by France and Spain in conjunction; and by way of encouragement, one hundred and fifty mules, laden with gold, had set off for France some time ago; and we are further told, that Portugal seems to be the object, as some advices assure us, a large body of Spanish forces had actually marched down to the frontiers of Portugal.

The most sanguine well wishers to the Colonies do not think the proposed scheme of sending Representatives to Parliament practicable, as it would be introducing a precedent which every Island and British Settlement in the West-Indies and Africa, would be ambitious to follow.

It having been observed in company some time ago, that fortune had been very favourable to the Majority, in the deaths of the Earl of Hardwicke, the Duke of Devonshire, and Mr. Legge; and that the important life of the Duke of Cumberland was then despaired of; a celebrated wit replied, that the Minority had likewise had some lucky hits, in the decease of the Earl of Eglinton, Lord Bute, and Sir John Philipps; and that the Pretender was given over by his physicians.

It is said dispatches of a very singular nature were lately sent off, by authority, to a certain British Governor in America, in consequence of the very extraordinary behaviour of the Council and Assembly of that province over which he presides.

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to Cumberland & Egremont * Bath